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8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

10 _____, Individually and On Behalf of All
11 Others Similarly Situated,

12 Plaintiff,

13 v.

14 NUTANIX, INC., RAJIV RAMASWAMI,
15 DUSTON WILLIAMS, and RUKMINI
16 SIVARAMAN,

17 Defendants.

Case No.

CLASS ACTION

COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE
FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

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19 Plaintiff _____ (“Plaintiff”), individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, by
20 Plaintiff’s undersigned attorneys, for Plaintiff’s complaint against Defendants, alleges the
21 following based upon personal knowledge as to Plaintiff and Plaintiff’s own acts, and
22 information and belief as to all other matters, based upon, *inter alia*, the investigation conducted
23 by and through Plaintiff’s attorneys, which included, among other things, a review of the
24 Defendants’ public documents, conference calls and announcements made by Defendants, United
25 States (“U.S.”) Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) filings, wire and press releases
26 published by and regarding Nutanix, Inc. (“Nutanix” or the “Company”), analysts’ reports and
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1 advisories about the Company, and information readily obtainable on the Internet. Plaintiff
2 believes that substantial, additional evidentiary support will exist for the allegations set forth herein
3 after a reasonable opportunity for discovery.

4 **NATURE OF THE ACTION**

5 1. This is a federal securities class action on behalf of a class consisting of all persons
6 and entities other than Defendants that purchased or otherwise acquired Nutanix securities between
7 September 21, 2021 and March 6, 2023, both dates inclusive (the “Class Period”), seeking to
8 recover damages caused by Defendants’ violations of the federal securities laws and to pursue
9 remedies under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange
10 Act”) and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder, against the Company and certain of its top officials.
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12 2. Nutanix purports to provide a leading enterprise cloud platform, the Nutanix Cloud
13 Platform, that consists of software solutions and cloud services that power its customers’ enterprise
14 infrastructure.
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16 3. In operating its cloud platform, Nutanix often utilizes software supplied by third-
17 party providers. Indeed, the Company has stated that one of its “principal competitive factors” is
18 “product interoperability with third-party applications, infrastructure software, infrastructure
19 systems and platforms and public clouds.” Accordingly, Nutanix will pay software vendors a
20 reduced cost to provide the Company with “evaluation software,” which Nutanix will use only for
21 internal evaluation purposes in order to determine whether it will ultimately purchase the software
22 for business use. If the Company elects to purchase the software, the vendor will charge Nutanix
23 the full cost to implement the product in standard business usage, as opposed to merely a reduced
24 evaluation cost.
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1 4. Throughout the Class Period, Defendants made materially false and misleading
2 statements regarding the Company’s business, operations, and prospects. Specifically, Defendants
3 made false and/or misleading statements and/or failed to disclose that: (i) the Company maintained
4 deficient internal controls relating to its use of licensed software and expense management; (ii) as
5 a result of these deficiencies, the Company improperly used third-party evaluation software for
6 business purposes over a multi-year period; (iii) investigation and remediation of the foregoing—
7 *i.e.*, by paying vendors the full cost to use their software for business purposes—would cause the
8 Company to incur significant expenses; and (iv) as a result, the Company’s public statements were
9 materially false and misleading at all relevant times.
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11 5. On March 6, 2023, Nutanix issued a press release reporting selected preliminary
12 second quarter fiscal 2023 financial results. Among other items, Nutanix reported that “Company
13 management discovered that certain evaluation software from one of its third-party providers was
14 instead used for interoperability testing, validation and customer proofs of concept over a multi-
15 year period[,]” and that “it is likely that additional costs would be incurred to address the additional
16 use of the software.” Furthermore, due to an ongoing Audit Committee investigation into the
17 matter, Nutanix stated that “it does not expect to be able to [timely] file its Quarterly Report on
18 Form 10-Q for the quarter ended January 31, 2023[.]”
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20 6. That same day, Nutanix hosted an earnings call with investors and analysts to
21 discuss the Company’s fiscal Q2 2023 results (the “Q2 2023 Earnings Call”). During the Q&A
22 portion of the Q2 2023 Earnings Call, when asked to clarify why using evaluation software for
23 interoperability testing, validation, and customer proofs of concept would incur additional
24 expenses, Nutanix’s Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) Defendant Rajiv Ramaswami
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1 (“Ramaswami”) explained that the Company would be required to pay the cost of using the
2 software beyond the scope of its intended evaluation usage.

3 7. On this news, Nutanix’s stock price fell \$2.27 per share, or 7.89%, to close at
4 \$26.50 per share on March 7, 2023.

5 8. Then, on March 16, 2023, Nutanix issued a press release announcing that, on March
6 15, 2023, “the Company received a standard notification letter from Nasdaq stating that, because
7 the Company has not yet filed its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended January
8 31, 2023, the Company is not in compliance with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5250(c)(1), which requires
9 timely filing of all required periodic financial reports with the [SEC].”
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11 9. As a result of Defendants’ wrongful acts and omissions, and the precipitous decline
12 in the market value of the Company’s securities, Plaintiff and other Class members have suffered
13 significant losses and damages.
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15 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

16 10. The claims asserted herein arise under and pursuant to Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of
17 the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. §§ 78j(b) and 78t(a)) and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder by the
18 SEC (17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5).

19 11. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 28
20 U.S.C. § 1331 and Section 27 of the Exchange Act.

21 12. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to Section 27 of the Exchange Act
22 (15 U.S.C. § 78aa) and 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b). Nutanix is headquartered in this Judicial District,
23 Defendants conduct business in this Judicial District, and a significant portion of Defendants’
24 activities took place within this Judicial District.
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1 alleged herein to be misleading prior to or shortly after their issuance and had the ability and
2 opportunity to prevent their issuance or to cause them to be corrected. Because of their positions
3 with Nutanix, and their access to material information available to them but not to the public, the
4 Individual Defendants knew that the adverse facts specified herein had not been disclosed to and
5 were being concealed from the public, and that the positive representations being made were then
6 materially false and misleading. The Individual Defendants are liable for the false statements and
7 omissions pleaded herein.
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9 21. Nutanix and the Individual Defendants are collectively referred to herein as
10 “Defendants.”

11 **SUBSTANTIVE ALLEGATIONS**

12 **Background**

13 22. Nutanix purports to provide a leading enterprise cloud platform, the Nutanix Cloud
14 Platform, that consists of software solutions and cloud services that power its customers’ enterprise
15 infrastructure.
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17 23. In operating its cloud platform, Nutanix often utilizes software supplied by third-
18 party providers. Indeed, the Company has stated that one of its “principal competitive factors” is
19 “product interoperability with third-party applications, infrastructure software, infrastructure
20 systems and platforms and public clouds.” Accordingly, Nutanix will pay software vendors a
21 reduced cost to provide the Company with “evaluation software,” which Nutanix will use only for
22 internal evaluation purposes in order to determine whether it will ultimately purchase the software
23 for business use. If the Company elects to purchase the software, the vendor will charge Nutanix
24 the full cost to implement the product in standard business usage, as opposed to merely a reduced
25 evaluation cost.
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1 **Materially False and Misleading Statements Issued During the Class Period**

2 24. The Class Period begins on September 21, 2021, when Nutanix filed an Annual
3 Report on Form 10-K with the SEC, reporting the Company’s financial and operational results for
4 the fiscal year ended July 31, 2021 (the “2021 10-K”). With respect to the Company’s growth
5 strategy, the 2021 10-K stated, in relevant part:
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7 Key elements of our growth strategy include:

- 8 • ***Continually innovate and maintain technology leadership.*** Since
9 inception, we have rapidly innovated from supporting limited applications
10 and a single hypervisor to a full enterprise cloud platform that is designed
11 to support a wide variety of workloads across private, public and hybrid
12 multcloud deployments. We intend to continue to invest heavily in
developing our enterprise cloud platform with new features, services and
products to expand our market opportunity in both core and adjacent
markets.
- 13 • ***Invest to acquire new end customers.*** Since the completion of our first end
14 customer sale in October 2011, we have grown to approximately 20,130 end
15 customers. We intend to grow our base of end customers by continuing to
16 invest in sales and marketing, leveraging our network of channel partners
and [original equipment manufacturers (“OEMs”)], furthering our
international expansion and extending our enterprise cloud platform to
17 address new customer segments. One area of continued focus is increasing
our sales to new, and expanding our sales to existing, large enterprise
18 customers.
- 19 • ***Continue to drive follow-on sales to existing end customers.*** Our end
20 customers typically deploy our technology initially for a specific project or
application deployment. Our sales teams and channel partners then seek to
21 systematically target follow-on sales opportunities to drive additional
purchases throughout our broader product portfolio, while also focusing on
customer adoption and customer consumption of their original purchases.
22 This land and expand strategy enables us to quickly expand our footprint
within our existing end customer base from follow-on orders that in the
23 aggregate are often multiples of the initial order.
- 24 • ***Enhanced focus on renewals.*** In addition to our land and expand strategy
25 described above, as part of our transition to a subscription-based model, we
26 have enhanced our focus on renewals, which are typically associated with
lower sales costs. While renewals have historically represented a small
27 portion of our overall business, we expect that they will be a significant
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1 driver of our top-line growth as we continue in our subscription
2 transformation.

- 3 • ***Deepen engagement with current channel, OEM, cloud and ecosystem***
4 ***partners and establish additional routes to market to enhance sales***
5 ***leverage.*** We have established meaningful channel partnerships globally
6 and have driven strong engagement and commercial success with several
7 major resellers and distributors. We believe that our OEM relationships can
8 augment our routes to market to accelerate our growth and that there is a
9 significant opportunity to grow our sales with our channel partners and
10 OEMs. We intend to attract and engage new channel and OEM partners
11 around the globe while also selling our standalone software for deployment
12 on qualified hardware or a hosted service to maximize the availability of
13 our solutions for our customers. We will also continue to establish
14 partnerships with cloud and ecosystem partners to provide our customers
15 with freedom of choice.
- 16 • ***Invest in rapid growth while remaining focused on our overall financial***
17 ***health.*** We intend to continue investing in our rapid growth, while
18 balancing such growth against our operating expenses. By maintaining this
19 balance, we believe we can drive toward our high growth potential without
20 sacrificing our overall financial health. Key drivers of our path towards
21 profitability include growth in renewals happening at a much lower cost
22 compared to new sales and continuing to leverage sales and marketing
23 efficiencies.

24 25. Further, in describing the factors affecting the Company's performance, the 2021
25 10-K stated, in relevant part:

26 We believe that our future success will depend on many factors, including
27 those described below. While these areas present significant opportunity, they also
28 present risks that we must manage to achieve successful results.

Leveraging Channel Partners and OEMs

29 We plan to continue to strengthen and expand our network of channel
30 partners and OEMs to increase sales to both new and existing end customers. We
31 believe that increasing channel leverage, particularly as we expand our focus on
32 opportunities in commercial accounts, by investing in sales enablement and co-
33 marketing with our partners and OEMs in the long term will extend and improve
34 our engagement with a broad set of end customers. Our business and results of
35 operations will be significantly affected by our success in leveraging and expanding
36 our network of channel partners and OEMs.

1 26. Finally, with respect to the Company’s internal control over financial reporting, the
2 2021 10-K stated, in relevant part:

3 Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate
4 internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and Rule 15d-
5 15(f) of the Exchange Act. Internal control over financial reporting consists of
6 policies and procedures that: (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in
7 reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of
8 our assets; (2) are designed and operated to provide reasonable assurance regarding
9 the reliability of our financial reporting and our process for the preparation of
10 financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted
11 accounting principles and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only
12 in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and (3) provide
13 reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized
14 acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the
15 financial statements. ***Our management evaluated the effectiveness of our internal
16 control over financial reporting using the criteria set forth by the Committee of
17 Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in Internal Control -
18 Integrated Framework (2013). Based on the results of our evaluation, our
19 management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting
20 was effective as of July 31, 2021.***¹

14 27. Appended to the 2021 10-K as exhibits were signed certifications pursuant to the
15 Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (“SOX”) by Defendants Ramaswami and Williams, attesting that the
16 “information contained in [the 2021 10-K] fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial
17 condition and result of operations of Nutanix, Inc.”

19 28. On November 23, 2021, Nutanix hosted an earnings call with investors and analysts
20 to discuss the Company’s Q1 2022 results (the “Q1 2022 Earnings Call”). During the scripted
21 portion of the Q1 2022 Earnings Call, Defendant Ramaswami stated, in relevant part, “[o]nce
22 again, we saw excellent linearity, ***which combined with diligent expense management,*** enabled
23 us to nearly achieve free cash flow breakeven in the quarter, putting us well on track to achieving
24 our target of sustainable positive free cash flow by the second half of calendar year 2022. We
25 achieved these results while continuing to add to our backlog.”

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28 ¹ All emphases herein have been added unless otherwise indicated.

1 29. On December 2, 2021, Nutanix filed a Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q with the
2 SEC, reporting the Company’s financial and operating results for the quarter ended October 31,
3 2021 (the “Q1 2022 10-Q”). With respect to the Company’s controls and procedures, the Q1 2022
4 10-Q stated, in relevant part:

5 Under the supervision and with the participation of our management,
6 including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we
7 conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our
8 disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)
9 under the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this report. ***Based***
10 ***on management’s evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal***
11 ***financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are***
12 ***effective at a reasonable assurance level.***

13 30. Appended to the Q1 2022 10-Q as exhibits were substantively similar certifications
14 as discussed, *supra*, in ¶ 27, signed pursuant to SOX by Defendants Ramaswami and Williams.

15 31. On March 2, 2022, Nutanix hosted an earnings call with investors and analysts to
16 discuss the Company’s Q2 2022 results (the “Q2 2022 Earnings Call”). During the scripted portion
17 of the Q2 2022 Earnings Call, Defendant Ramaswami stated, in relevant part:

18 Taking a closer look, our second quarter reflected continued execution on our
19 subscription model and was marked by strong top and bottom line performance.
20 We delivered record [annual contract value (“ACV”)] billings, which grew 37%
21 year-over-year, our highest growth rate in 3 years. Our revenue also grew 19% year-
22 over-year despite seeing expected term competition. ***Once again, we saw good***
23 ***linearity, which combined with diligent expense management, enabled us to***
24 ***generate positive free cash flow for the first time since we started our transition***
25 ***to subscription, approximately 3 years ago, putting us well on track to achieving***
26 ***our target of sustainable positive free cash flow by the second half of calendar***
27 ***year 2022.***

28 32. On March 10, 2022, Nutanix filed a Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q with the SEC,
reporting the Company’s financial and operating results for the quarter ended January 31, 2022
(the “Q2 2022 10-Q”). With respect to the Company’s controls and procedures, the Q2 2022 10-
Q stated, in relevant part:

1 Under the supervision and with the participation of our management,
2 including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we
3 conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our
4 disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)
5 under the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this report. **Based
6 on management’s evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal
7 financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are
8 effective at a reasonable assurance level.**

9 33. Appended to the Q2 2022 10-Q as exhibits were substantively similar certifications
10 as discussed, *supra*, in ¶ 27, signed pursuant to SOX by Defendants Ramaswami and Williams.

11 34. On May 25, 2022, Nutanix hosted an earnings call with investors and analysts to
12 discuss the Company’s Q3 2022 results (the “Q3 2022 Earnings Call”). During the scripted portion
13 of the Q3 2022 Earnings Call, Defendant Ramaswami stated, in relevant part, “[o]ur revenue,
14 which continues to be affected by term compression grew 17%. Topline growth, **combined with
15 diligent expense management and leverage from renewals drove a sharp year-over-year
16 improvement in non-GAAP operating income.** While timing of collections adversely impacted
17 our free cash flow performance for the quarter. We continue to prioritize working towards
18 sustainable free cash flow generation in FY ‘23.”

19 35. On June 2, 2022, Nutanix filed a Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q with the SEC,
20 reporting the Company’s financial and operating results for the quarter ended April 30, 2022 (the
21 “Q3 2022 10-Q”). With respect to the Company’s controls and procedures, the Q3 2022 10-Q
22 stated, in relevant part:

23 Under the supervision and with the participation of our management,
24 including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we
25 conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our
26 disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)
27 under the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this report. **Based
28 on management’s evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal
financial officer concluded, as of the end of the period covered by this report, that
our disclosure controls and procedures are effective at a reasonable assurance
level.**

1 ***The Company is in the process of assessing the financial reporting impact of this***
2 ***matter and it is likely that additional costs would be incurred to address the***
3 ***additional use of the software.*** As a result, the Company has not provided financial
4 information regarding expenses in its second quarter fiscal 2023 preliminary
5 results, or in its outlook for the third quarter or full fiscal year 2023.

6 While the Company is working to complete its review of this matter as soon as
7 possible, it does not expect to be able to file its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for
8 the quarter ended January 31, 2023, on time or following the 5-day prescribed
9 extension period allowed under 12b-25.

10 (Emphasis added.)

11 45. That same day, Nutanix hosted the Q2 2023 Earnings Call. During the Q&A
12 portion of the Q2 2023 Earnings Call, when asked to clarify why using evaluation software for
13 interoperability testing, validation, and customer proofs of concept would incur additional
14 expenses, Defendant Ramaswami explained that “[w]hat we found was, in some cases, we were
15 using the [evaluation] software for doing interoperability testing or customer proof of concepts,
16 validating. So that goes beyond the scope of what the eval software was being used for.” Further,
17 when asked “[s]o the eval[uation] software, were you paying a very small amount because it was
18 just eval[uation] software, and therefore, now you’re going to have to pay a lot more because you
19 were using it for things that it wasn’t meant for. Is that the idea?” Defendant Ramaswami
20 responded “Yes. So we haven’t quantified how much, right? But we can’t get into that kind of
21 detail here, but yes, you’re right, right? I mean, therefore, there is some additional expense required
22 likely to -- for the usage and use cases that we were looking at.”

23 46. On this news, Nutanix’s stock price fell \$2.27 per share, or 7.89%, to close at
24 \$26.50 per share on March 7, 2023.

25 47. Then, on March 16, 2023, Nutanix issued a press release announcing that, on March
26 15, 2023, “the Company received a standard notification letter from Nasdaq stating that, because
27 the Company has not yet filed its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended January
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1 31, 2023, the Company is not in compliance with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5250(c)(1), which requires
2 timely filing of all required periodic financial reports with the [SEC].”

3 48. As a result of Defendants’ wrongful acts and omissions, and the precipitous decline
4 in the market value of the Company’s securities, Plaintiff and other Class members have suffered
5 significant losses and damages.
6

7 **PLAINTIFF’S CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

8 49. Plaintiff brings this action as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil
9 Procedure 23(a) and (b)(3) on behalf of a Class, consisting of all those who purchased or otherwise
10 acquired Nutanix securities during the Class Period (the “Class”); and were damaged upon the
11 revelation of the alleged corrective disclosures. Excluded from the Class are Defendants herein,
12 the officers and directors of the Company, at all relevant times, members of their immediate
13 families and their legal representatives, heirs, successors or assigns and any entity in which
14 Defendants have or had a controlling interest.
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16 50. The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all members is
17 impracticable. Throughout the Class Period, Nutanix securities were actively traded on the
18 NASDAQ. While the exact number of Class members is unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can
19 be ascertained only through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff believes that there are hundreds or
20 thousands of members in the proposed Class. Record owners and other members of the Class may
21 be identified from records maintained by Nutanix or its transfer agent and may be notified of the
22 pendency of this action by mail, using the form of notice similar to that customarily used in
23 securities class actions.
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1 51. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class as all
2 members of the Class are similarly affected by Defendants' wrongful conduct in violation of
3 federal law that is complained of herein.

4 52. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class
5 and has retained counsel competent and experienced in class and securities litigation. Plaintiff has
6 no interests antagonistic to or in conflict with those of the Class.

7 53. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Class and
8 predominate over any questions solely affecting individual members of the Class. Among the
9 questions of law and fact common to the Class are:
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- 11 • whether the federal securities laws were violated by Defendants' acts as alleged
12 herein;
- 13 • whether statements made by Defendants to the investing public during the Class
14 Period misrepresented material facts about the business, operations and
15 management of Nutanix;
- 16 • whether the Individual Defendants caused Nutanix to issue false and misleading
17 financial statements during the Class Period;
- 18 • whether Defendants acted knowingly or recklessly in issuing false and misleading
19 financial statements;
- 20 • whether the prices of Nutanix securities during the Class Period were artificially
21 inflated because of the Defendants' conduct complained of herein; and
- 22 • whether the members of the Class have sustained damages and, if so, what is the
23 proper measure of damages.

24 54. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient
25 adjudication of this controversy since joinder of all members is impracticable. Furthermore, as the
26 damages suffered by individual Class members may be relatively small, the expense and burden
27 of individual litigation make it impossible for members of the Class to individually redress the
28 wrongs done to them. There will be no difficulty in the management of this action as a class action.

1 59. This Count is asserted against Defendants and is based upon Section 10(b) of the
2 Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder by the SEC.

3 60. During the Class Period, Defendants engaged in a plan, scheme, conspiracy and
4 course of conduct, pursuant to which they knowingly or recklessly engaged in acts, transactions,
5 practices and courses of business which operated as a fraud and deceit upon Plaintiff and the other
6 members of the Class; made various untrue statements of material facts and omitted to state
7 material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under
8 which they were made, not misleading; and employed devices, schemes and artifices to defraud in
9 connection with the purchase and sale of securities. Such scheme was intended to, and, throughout
10 the Class Period, did: (i) deceive the investing public, including Plaintiff and other Class members,
11 as alleged herein; (ii) artificially inflate and maintain the market price of Nutanix securities; and
12 (iii) cause Plaintiff and other members of the Class to purchase or otherwise acquire Nutanix
13 securities and options at artificially inflated prices. In furtherance of this unlawful scheme, plan
14 and course of conduct, Defendants, and each of them, took the actions set forth herein.
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17 61. Pursuant to the above plan, scheme, conspiracy and course of conduct, each of the
18 Defendants participated directly or indirectly in the preparation and/or issuance of the quarterly
19 and annual reports, SEC filings, press releases and other statements and documents described
20 above, including statements made to securities analysts and the media that were designed to
21 influence the market for Nutanix securities. Such reports, filings, releases and statements were
22 materially false and misleading in that they failed to disclose material adverse information and
23 misrepresented the truth about Nutanix's finances and business prospects.
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25 62. By virtue of their positions at Nutanix, Defendants had actual knowledge of the
26 materially false and misleading statements and material omissions alleged herein and intended
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1 thereby to deceive Plaintiff and the other members of the Class, or, in the alternative, Defendants
2 acted with reckless disregard for the truth in that they failed or refused to ascertain and disclose
3 such facts as would reveal the materially false and misleading nature of the statements made,
4 although such facts were readily available to Defendants. Said acts and omissions of Defendants
5 were committed willfully or with reckless disregard for the truth. In addition, each Defendant
6 knew or recklessly disregarded that material facts were being misrepresented or omitted as
7 described above.
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9 63. Information showing that Defendants acted knowingly or with reckless disregard
10 for the truth is peculiarly within Defendants' knowledge and control. As the senior managers
11 and/or directors of Nutanix, the Individual Defendants had knowledge of the details of Nutanix's
12 internal affairs.
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14 64. The Individual Defendants are liable both directly and indirectly for the wrongs
15 complained of herein. Because of their positions of control and authority, the Individual
16 Defendants were able to and did, directly or indirectly, control the content of the statements of
17 Nutanix. As officers and/or directors of a publicly-held company, the Individual Defendants had
18 a duty to disseminate timely, accurate, and truthful information with respect to Nutanix's
19 businesses, operations, future financial condition and future prospects. As a result of the
20 dissemination of the aforementioned false and misleading reports, releases and public statements,
21 the market price of Nutanix securities was artificially inflated throughout the Class Period. In
22 ignorance of the adverse facts concerning Nutanix's business and financial condition which were
23 concealed by Defendants, Plaintiff and the other members of the Class purchased or otherwise
24 acquired Nutanix securities at artificially inflated prices and relied upon the price of the securities,
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1 the integrity of the market for the securities and/or upon statements disseminated by Defendants,
2 and were damaged thereby.

3 65. During the Class Period, Nutanix securities were traded on an active and efficient
4 market. Plaintiff and the other members of the Class, relying on the materially false and misleading
5 statements described herein, which the Defendants made, issued or caused to be disseminated, or
6 relying upon the integrity of the market, purchased or otherwise acquired shares of Nutanix
7 securities at prices artificially inflated by Defendants' wrongful conduct. Had Plaintiff and the
8 other members of the Class known the truth, they would not have purchased or otherwise acquired
9 said securities, or would not have purchased or otherwise acquired them at the inflated prices that
10 were paid. At the time of the purchases and/or acquisitions by Plaintiff and the Class, the true
11 value of Nutanix securities was substantially lower than the prices paid by Plaintiff and the other
12 members of the Class. The market price of Nutanix securities declined sharply upon public
13 disclosure of the facts alleged herein to the injury of Plaintiff and Class members.

14 66. By reason of the conduct alleged herein, Defendants knowingly or recklessly,
15 directly or indirectly, have violated Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5
16 promulgated thereunder.

17 67. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiff and the
18 other members of the Class suffered damages in connection with their respective purchases,
19 acquisitions and sales of the Company's securities during the Class Period, upon the disclosure
20 that the Company had been disseminating misrepresented financial statements to the investing
21 public.
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1 **COUNT II**

2 **(Violations of Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act Against the Individual Defendants)**

3 68. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation contained in the foregoing
4 paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

5 69. During the Class Period, the Individual Defendants participated in the operation
6 and management of Nutanix, and conducted and participated, directly and indirectly, in the
7 conduct of Nutanix's business affairs. Because of their senior positions, they knew the adverse
8 non-public information about Nutanix's misstatement of income and expenses and false financial
9 statements.
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11 70. As officers and/or directors of a publicly owned company, the Individual
12 Defendants had a duty to disseminate accurate and truthful information with respect to Nutanix's
13 financial condition and results of operations, and to correct promptly any public statements issued
14 by Nutanix which had become materially false or misleading.
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16 71. Because of their positions of control and authority as senior officers, the Individual
17 Defendants were able to, and did, control the contents of the various reports, press releases and
18 public filings which Nutanix disseminated in the marketplace during the Class Period concerning
19 Nutanix's results of operations. Throughout the Class Period, the Individual Defendants exercised
20 their power and authority to cause Nutanix to engage in the wrongful acts complained of herein.
21 The Individual Defendants, therefore, were "controlling persons" of Nutanix within the meaning
22 of Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act. In this capacity, they participated in the unlawful conduct
23 alleged which artificially inflated the market price of Nutanix securities.
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25 72. Each of the Individual Defendants, therefore, acted as a controlling person of
26 Nutanix. By reason of their senior management positions and/or being directors of Nutanix, each
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28

1 of the Individual Defendants had the power to direct the actions of, and exercised the same to
2 cause, Nutanix to engage in the unlawful acts and conduct complained of herein. Each of the
3 Individual Defendants exercised control over the general operations of Nutanix and possessed the
4 power to control the specific activities which comprise the primary violations about which Plaintiff
5 and the other members of the Class complain.
6

7 73. By reason of the above conduct, the Individual Defendants are liable pursuant to
8 Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act for the violations committed by Nutanix.

9 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

10 **WHEREFORE**, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants as follows:

11 A. Determining that the instant action may be maintained as a class action under Rule
12 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and certifying Plaintiff as the Class representative;

13 B. Requiring Defendants to pay damages sustained by Plaintiff and the Class by reason
14 of the acts and transactions alleged herein;

15 C. Awarding Plaintiff and the other members of the Class prejudgment and post-
16 judgment interest, as well as their reasonable attorneys' fees, expert fees and other costs; and

17 D. Awarding such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.
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19 **DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY**

20 Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury.

21 Dated:
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